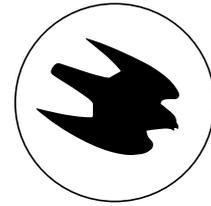


# Cosmetics

2019-05-09



<b>1.13</b>	<b>Renewable raw materials</b>
Perfumes and aromas are exempt from this requirement.	

<b>1.21</b>	<b>The precautionary principle</b>
Clarification: "...the higher toxicity value..." refers to the value indicating the highest degree of toxicity.	

<b>1.22</b>	<b>Languages</b>
In the countries listed below the following languages must be used (alone or together with other languages).	
Sweden: Swedish	
Norway*: Norwegian	
Finland: Finnish	
Denmark*: Danish	
Estonia: Estonian	
Latvia: Latvian	
Lithuania: Lituonian	
* In Norway and Denmark it is accepted to use a common text, where only the words that differ, or can not be understood between the countries, have been translated.	

<b>7</b>	<b>Colouring agents</b>
Since tartrazine (CAS number 1934-21-0), according to many registrations in ECHA's C&L inventory, is classified with H317 (May cause an allergic skin reaction) it is not approved for use in Bra Miljöval labelled products.	

<b>10.1</b>	<b>Enzymes</b>
Enzyme stabilizers classified with H317 (May cause an allergic skin reaction) must not exceed 0.01% by weight in the final product.	

<b>11</b>	<b>Other additives</b>
Denatonium benzoate (CAS number 3734-33-6) is approved, despite low biodegradability, when used for denaturing in accordance with the Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1112, Annex, clause II, i.e. 1.0 gram denatonium benzoate/hectolitre of absolute ethanol.	

<b>11.12</b>	<b>Other additives</b>
Mouth wash must comply with the guidelines established by the Swedish National Board of Health and Welfare (Socialstyrelsen) on fluorine content.	

<b>12.3</b>	<b>Emissions to air from pulp production</b>
Exemption: Until May 1, 2021 the following applies: Emissions to air from pulp production should on average be a maximum of: 2.0 g of sulphur dioxide per kg of pulp and year 3.0 g of nitrogen oxides per kg of pulp and year	

<b>12.4</b>	<b>Emissions to air from production of fibres</b>
The requirement: "Emissions to air from production of fibres, should on average be a maximum of: 25 g of sulphur dioxide per kg of fibre and year" has been replaced with the requirement: "Emissions to air from production of fibres, should on average be a maximum of: 12.5 g of sulphur per kg of fibre and year"	

<b>12.4</b>	<b>Xanthogenate-based viscose processes in a non-closed system</b>
Exemption: Until May 1, 2020 the following applies: The requirement that potassium sulphate, sodium sulphate and hydrogen sulphide must be recovered to at least 80% has been cancelled.	

<b>13.4</b>	<b>Labelling of plastic packaging</b>
For soft plastic packaging sold in the Nordic countries you can write information about the plastic in a text on the label, instead of using DIN 6120 or American SPI.	

<b>13.5</b>	<b>Paper labels</b>
-------------	---------------------

Paper labels consisting of only new raw material is accepted, provided that 100% of the raw material is FSC certified.

<b>13.7</b>	<b>Metal in seals for toothpaste</b>
-------------	--------------------------------------

Metal is allowed as seals in tubes for toothpaste.

	<b>Application, approved ingredients and chemical substances</b>
--	--

In several sections of the application form, the applicant should answer whether or not an ingredient or a chemical substance has previously been approved by Good Environmental Choice. We would like to clarify that this refers to ingredients/substances that have been assessed and approved according to the current criteria (from 2018), not the previous ones.

	<b>Application, origin of raw materials</b>
--	---

Please notice that the origin of raw materials (fossil/renewable) may differ even though the trade name and chemical substances are identical. The same applies for the certification level of oil palm-based ingredients. Hence, Appendix E (Origin of raw materials) and Appendix G (Raw material from the oil palm) should be filled out for each application.

	<b>Test guidelines</b>
--	------------------------

EU Method C.1. can be used when no data according to OECD 203 is available.

EU Method C.2. can be used when no data according to OECD 202 is available.

EU Method C.3. can be used when no data according to OECD 201 is available.

	<b>Licence Terms and Conditions, Special Terms and Conditions 01.03.2018, paragraph 5.1.2</b>
--	---

Where a Licence Holder submits Applications for several Licences at the same time for Products included in the same Product Line, a volume discount on the Application Fee is possible also if some products belong to the criteria for Bra Miljöval Cosmetics.